

Math 2215 - Calculus 1

Homework #4 - 2005.09.22

Due Date - 2005.09.27

Solutions

Compute the following derivatives and simplify where possible:

1. $\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}}$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{\frac{1+x^2}{1-x^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}} \frac{2x}{(1-x^2)^2}$$

2. $\frac{d}{dy} e^{\frac{1}{y}} \sin(y)$

$$\frac{d}{dy} e^{\frac{1}{y}} \sin(y) = e^{\frac{1}{y}} \left(\cos(y) - \frac{1}{y^2} \sin(y) \right)$$

3. $\frac{d}{dz} z^2 \cos(z^2)$

$$\frac{d}{dz} z^2 \cos(z^2) = 2z \cos(z^2) - 3z^3 \sin(z^2)$$

4. $\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{e^{x^2} + \cos(2x+3)}$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{e^{x^2} + \cos(2x+3)} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^{x^2} + \cos(2x+3)}} (2xe^{x^2} - 2\sin(2x+3))$$

5. $\frac{d}{dy} \sec^3(y^3)$

$$\frac{d}{dy} \sec^3(y^3) = 9y^2 \sec^2(y^3) \sec(y^3) \tan(y^3)$$

6. $\frac{d}{dz} 2^{3z^2+1}$

$$\frac{d}{dz} 2^{3z^2+1} = 2^{3z^2+1} 6z \ln(2)$$

7. $\frac{d}{dx} \frac{e^{x^2+x}+1}{e^{x^2+x}-1}$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \frac{e^{x^2+x} + 1}{e^{x^2+x} - 1} = -2(2x + 1) \frac{e^{x^2+x}}{(e^{x^2+x} - 1)^2}$$

8. $\frac{d}{dy} \frac{e^y + e^{-y}}{e^y - e^{-y}}$

$$\frac{d}{dy} \frac{e^y + e^{-y}}{e^y - e^{-y}} = -\frac{4}{(e^y - e^{-y})^2}$$

9. $\frac{d}{dz} \sin(\cos(\tan(z) + z) + z)$

$$\frac{d}{dz} \sin(\cos(\tan(z) + z) + z) = \cos(\cos(\tan(z) + z) + z)(-\sin(\tan(z) + z)(1 + \sec(z)^2) + 1)$$

10. $\frac{d}{dx} e^{2x^2+12x-4} \cos(2x^2) \sin(4x^3)$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} e^{2x^2+12x-4} \cos(2x^2) \sin(4x^3) &= \\ 4e^{2x^2+12x-4} [(x+3) \cos(2x^2) \sin(4x^3) & \\ -x \sin(2x^2) \sin(4x^3) + 3x^2 \cos(2x^2) \cos(4x^3)] & \end{aligned}$$

11. $\frac{d}{dy} \frac{1+\sin(y)}{1-\sin(y)}$

$$\frac{d}{dy} \frac{1+\sin(y)}{1-\sin(y)} = \frac{2 \cos(y)}{(\sin(y) - 1)^2}$$

12. $\frac{d}{dz} e^{z^2+2} e^{2z-1}$

$$\frac{d}{dz} e^{z^2+2} e^{2z-1} = 2(z+1) e^{(z+1)^2}$$

13. $\frac{d}{dy} 7^{3y^2+\tan(y)}$

$$\frac{d}{dy} 7^{3y^2+\tan(y)} = 7^{3y^2+\tan(y)} (6y + \sec^2(y)) \ln(7)$$

14. $\frac{d}{dz} \tan^4(z^3) \cot^4(z^3)$

$$\frac{d}{dz} \tan^4(z^3) \cot^4(z^3) = 0$$

15. $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{e^{x^2} + \cos(x)}{\sin(x) + 1} \right)^7$

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