

# Math 1613 - Trigonometry

## Discussion Board Week 5 - Due 2019.07.07

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Verify the given identities.

- $$\frac{1 - \cos^2(t)}{\sin^3(t)} = \csc(t)$$
- $$\frac{(\cos(\alpha) - 1)^2}{\sin^2(\alpha)} = \frac{1 - \cos(\alpha)}{1 + \cos(\alpha)}$$
- $$\frac{1 - \tan^2(x)}{1 - \tan^4(x)} = \cos^2(x)$$
- $$\cot^2(z) \cos^2(z) = \cot^2(z) - \cos^2(z)$$
- $$\frac{\sin(2y)}{\cot(y)} = 1 - \cos(2y)$$
- $$\frac{\cot(w/2)}{1 + \cos(w)} = \csc(w)$$
- $$\csc(2x) = \frac{\tan(x) + \cot(x)}{2}$$
- $$\frac{\sin(x - y)}{\sin(x + y)} = \frac{\tan(x) - \tan(y)}{\tan(x) + \tan(y)}$$
- $$\frac{2 - \sec^2(u)}{\sec^3(u)} = \cos(2u)$$
- $$\frac{\sin(t) + \sin(5t)}{\cos(t) + \cos(5t)} = \tan(3t)$$
- $$\frac{\sin(x) + \sin(y)}{\cos(x) - \cos(y)} = -\cot\left(\frac{x - y}{2}\right)$$
- $$\frac{\cot(z)}{\csc(z) + 1} = \frac{\csc(z) - 1}{\cot(z)}$$
- $$\frac{2 \tan^2(a) - 1}{\tan^3(a) - 3 \tan(a)} = \cot(3a)$$
- $$\frac{\sin(2t) + \sin(4t)}{\cos(2t) - \cos(4t)} = \cot(t)$$
- $$\cos(x) - \cos(y) = -2 \sin\left(\frac{x + y}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{x - y}{2}\right)$$